

User Manual

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SBE 48 Hull Temperature Sensor With RS-232 Interface

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Manual version	• 006
Firmware version	• 2.0 & later
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Limited Liability Statement

Extreme care should be exercised when using or servicing this equipment. It should be used or serviced only by personnel with knowledge of and training in the use and maintenance of oceanographic electronic equipment.

SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC. disclaims all product liability risks arising from the use or servicing of this system. SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC. has no way of controlling the use of this equipment or of choosing the personnel to operate it, and therefore cannot take steps to comply with laws pertaining to product liability, including laws which impose a duty to warn the user of any dangers involved in operating this equipment. Therefore, acceptance of this system by the customer shall be conclusively deemed to include a covenant by the customer to defend, indemnify, and hold SEA-BIRD ELECTRONICS, INC. harmless from all product liability claims arising from the use or servicing of this system.

Declaration of Conformity

Sea-Bird Electronics, Inc. 13431 NE 20th Street Bellevue, WA 98005

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Manufacturer's Name:	Sea-Bird Electronics
Manufacturer's Address:	13431 NE 20th Street Bellevue, WA 98005, USA

Device Description: Various Data Acquisition Devices and Sensors

Model Numbers:

3S	3F	3plus	4C	4M	5M	5T
5P	7	8	9plus	11plusV2	14	16plusV2
16plusIM-V2	17plusV2	18	19plusV2	21	25plus	26plus
27	29	32	32C	32SC	33	35
35RT	36/PDIM	37-SI	37-SIP	37-IM	37-IMP	37-SM
37-SMP	38	39	39-IM	39plus	41	41CP
43	43F	44	45	48	49	50
52-MP	53	54	55	56	63	PN 90204
PN 90158.1	PN 90488	PN 90545	PN 90402	AFM	SIM	ICC
IMM/UIMM	Glider Payload CTD	NiMH Battery Charger & Battery Pack (PN 90504)				

Applicable EU Directives: Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC

EMC Directive 2004/108/EC

Low Voltage Directive (2006/95/EC)

Applicable Harmonized Standards:

EN 61326-1:2013 Class A Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use, EMC Requirement - Part 1: General Requirements (EN 55011:2009 Group 1, Class A)

EN 61010-1:2010, Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipments for Measurement, Control, and Laboratory Use - Part 1: General Requirements

I, the undersigned, hereby declare that the equipment specified above conforms to the above European Union Directives and Standards.

Authorized Signature:	(mg/	1-2
Name:	Casey Moore	
Title of Signatory:	President	
Date:	June 6, 2014	
Place:	Belleview, WA	

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Section 1: Introduction

This section includes contact information, Quick Start procedure, photos of a standard SBE 48 shipment, and shipping precautions.

About this Manual

This manual is to be used with the SBE 48 Hull Temperature Sensor. It is organized to guide the user from installation through operation and data collection. We've included detailed specifications, command descriptions, maintenance and calibration information, and helpful notes throughout the manual.

Sea-Bird welcomes suggestions for new features and enhancements of our products and/or documentation. Please contact us with any comments or suggestions (seabird@seabird.com or 425-643-9866). Our business hours are Monday through Friday, 0800 to 1700 Pacific Standard Time (1600 to 0100 Universal Time) in winter and 0800 to 1700 Pacific Daylight Time (1500 to 0000 Universal Time) the rest of the year.

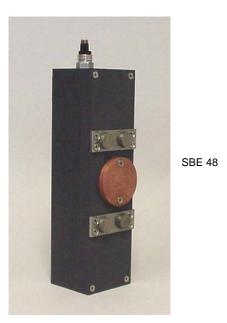
Quick Start

Follow these steps to get a Quick Start using the SBE 48. The manual provides step-by-step details for performing each task:

- 1. Test Power and Communications (*Section 3: Preparing SBE 48 for Deployment*).
- 2. Deploy the SBE 48 (Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 48):
 - A. Install a new battery if necessary (*Section 5: Routine Maintenance and Calibration*).
 - B. Ensure all data has been uploaded, and then set **SampleNum=**0 to make entire memory available for recording if desired.
 - C. Set date and then time.
 - D. Establish logging parameters.
 - E. Set SBE 48 to start logging now or in the future.
 - F. Install dummy plug or I/O cable, and locking sleeve.
 - G. Using magnets on housing, mount SBE 48 on inside of ship's hull below the waterline.

Unpacking SBE 48

Shown below is a typical SBE 48 shipment.





I/O Cable



Software, and Electronic Copies of Software Manuals and User Manual

Shipping Precautions

For its main power supply, the SBE 48 uses one 9-volt lithium battery (Duracell or Ultralife). The SBE 48 was shipped from the factory with the battery installed.

If the shipment does not meet the requirements below, the shipment is considered Dangerous/Hazardous Goods, and must be shipped according to those rules.

	1-2 SBE 48s and associated batteries, but no spares	1-2 SBE 48s and associated batteries, plus up to 2 spare batteries/SBE 48	3-10 SBE 48s and associated batteries, but no spares	3-10 SBE 48s and associated batteries, plus up to 2 spare batteries/SBE 48	Spares (without SBE 48s) Note new rules as of January 1, 2013
UN #	UN3091	UN3091	UN3091	UN3091	
Packing Instruction (PI) #	970	970	970	970	Must be shipped as Class 9 Dangerous Goods. If re-shipping spares, you must have your own Dangerous Goods program.
Passenger Aircraft	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Cargo Aircraft	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Labeling Requirement	-	1, 2 **	1 **	1, 2 **	
Airway Bill (AWB) Requirement	No	Yes *	Yes *	Yes *	

* AWB must contain following information in Nature and Quantity of Goods Box: "Lithium Metal Batteries", "Not Restricted", "PI #" ** Labels are defined below:

C



1 – Shipper must provide an emergency phone number

Note:

Remove the battery before returning the SBE 48 to Sea-Bird. Do not return the used battery to Sea-Bird when shipping the SBE 48 for calibration or repair. All setup information is preserved when the battery is removed.



If you will re-ship the SBE 48 after testing, pack the SBE 48 and/or spare batteries properly for shipment, apply appropriate labels, and prepare appropriate shipping documentation.

Section 2: Description of SBE 48

This section describes the functions and features of the SBE 48, including specifications, dimensions, wiring, sample timing, and battery endurance.

System Description

The SBE 48 is a high-accuracy temperature recorder with non-volatile memory, designed for shipboard determination of sea surface temperature. Installed with magnets just below the water line, the SBE 48's temperature sensor is in contact with the **inside** of the ship's hull. The SBE 48's internal battery runs the real-time clock and can be used to power the SBE 48 for very short deployments; external power is recommended for typical deployments.

The SBE 48 retains the temperature sensor used in the SBE 39 Temperature Recorder. The SBE 48's thermistor has a long history of exceptional accuracy and stability (typical drift is less than 0.002 °C per year).

The SBE 48 communicates directly with a computer via a standard RS-232 interface. Baud rates of 1200 to 38,400 are user-selectable. Setup and extraction of data from the SBE 48 is done via an I/O data cable plugged into an external connector. Calibration coefficients stored in EEPROM allow the SBE 48 to transmit data in engineering units.

Commands can be sent to the SBE 48 to provide status display, data acquisition setup, data retrieval, and diagnostic tests. User-selectable operating modes include:

- **Polled sampling** The SBE 48 takes one sample and sends the data to the computer. Polled sampling is useful for testing.
- Autonomous sampling There are two types of Autonomous sampling.
 - Interval sampling: At pre-programmed intervals, the SBE 48 wakes up, samples, stores data in memory, and powers off (enters quiescent state).
 - Continuous sampling: The SBE 48 continuously samples at approximately 1 Hz (1 sample/sec) and stores data in memory, and does not power off between samples.

The SBE 48 also calculates a running average of up to 120 temperature samples, which can be transmitted while logging data.

• Serial Line Sync - A pulse on the serial line causes the SBE 48 to wake up, sample, store data in memory, and power off. This mode provides easy integration with other instruments that can synchronize SBE 48 sampling with their own.

Future upgrades and enhancements to the SBE 48 firmware can be easily installed in the field through a computer serial port and the external connector on the SBE 48, without the need to return the SBE 48 to Sea-Bird.

The SBE 48 is supplied with a powerful Win 2000/XP software package, Seasoft^{$^{\circ}$} V2, which includes:

- **Seaterm** terminal program for easy communication and data retrieval.
- **Plot39** program for plotting data from an SBE 48 or SBE 39.
- SBE Data Processing program includes many post-processing modules; modules applicable to the SBE 48 are ASCII Out (export files for other programs) and Sea Plot (plot data).

Notes:

- Help files provide detailed information on the software.
- A separate software manual on CD-ROM contains detailed information on the use of SBE Data Processing.

 Sea-Bird supplies the current version of our software when you purchase an instrument. As software revisions occur, we post the revised software on our website. See our website for the latest software version number, a description of the software changes, and instructions for downloading the software.

Specifications

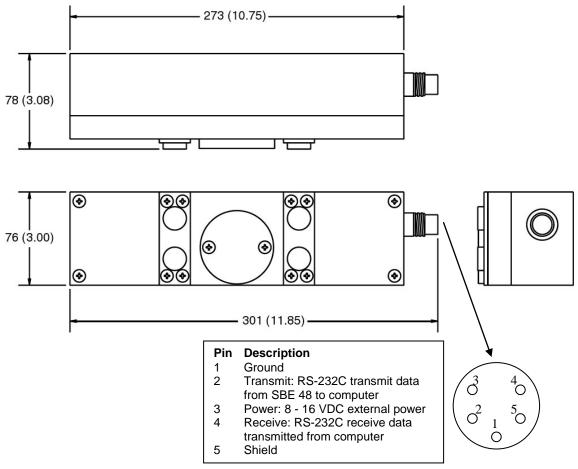
Measurement Range	-5 to +35 °C	
Initial Accuracy	± 0.002 °C	
Typical Stability	0.0002 °C per month	
Resolution	0.0001 °C	
Sensor Calibration	+1 to +32 °C	
Sampling Speed	Approximately 1 Hz (1 sample/sec), or user- programmable 3-sec to 9-hour intervals	
Memory	64 Mbyte non-volatile FLASH memory (32,900,000 bytes usable)	
	Converted temperature: 3 bytes per sample.	
Data Storage	Time: 4 bytes per sample.	
	Memory space (temperature and time): 4,700,000 samples.	
Real-Time Clock	32,768 Hz TCXO accurate to ±1 minute/year	
Internal Battery	9-volt lithium battery (unrestricted) - runs real-time clock; can also be used to power SBE 48, if external power is not supplied	
External Power	8 - 16 VDC. The SBE 48 is typically deployed with external power. The internal lithium battery is diode-OR'd with the external source, so power will be drawn from whichever voltage source is higher.	
	Quiescent Current: 10 microamps	
Current	<i>Current Consumption (per sample):</i> 0.018 Amp-sec	
	<i>Current Consumption (continuous sampling):</i> 15 milliAmp	
Battery	Running clock only: 5 to 10 years	
Endurance	Providing power for logging: 180,000 samples	
Materials	PVC housing	
Weight	2.3 kg (5 lbs)	

Note:

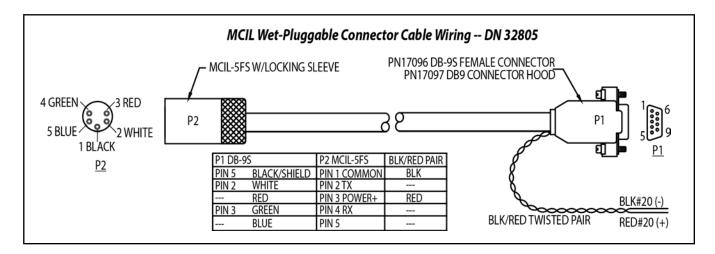
If the SBE 48 is logging data and the voltage is less than 6.25 volts for 10 consecutive scans, the SBE 48 halts logging and displays a low battery indication in the data.

Dimensions and Connector

Dimensions in millimeters (inches)



Cables and Wiring



Sample Timing

Note:

Sampling time shown does not include time to transmit real-time data, which is dependent on baud rate.

Time required to transmit data = (# of characters * 10 bits/character) / baud

This corresponds to 0.28 sec at 1200 baud to 0.01 sec at 38400 baud.

Minimum timing between samples is dependent on whether real-time output is provided (**TxRealTime=**).

The table below provides the approximate interval between samples if the SBE 48 is set up for continuous sampling:

Real-Time Output?	Time (sec)
No (TxRealTime=N)	0.80
Yes (TxRealTime=Y)	1.00

Battery Endurance

Notes:

- If the SBE 48 is logging data and the battery voltage is less than 6.25 volts for ten consecutive scans, the SBE 48 halts logging and displays a low battery indication in the data.
- See Specifications above for data storage limitations.

Battery capacity is as follows:

- **Standard lithium battery** nominal capacity is 1.2 amp-hours. For planning purposes, use a conservative value of 1.1 amp-hours.
- **Duracell MN1604 alkaline battery** nominal capacity is 0.4 amp-hours. For planning purposes, use a conservative value of 0.3 amp-hours.

Current consumption is as follows:

- Sampling (acquisition) current for *continuous, autonomous sampling* is 15 milliAmp.
- Sampling (acquisition) current for *polled sampling*; *interval, autonomous sampling*; or *serial line sync sampling* is 18 milliAmp-sec/sample
- Quiescent current is 10 microAmps (0.09 amp-hour/year).

So, battery endurance is dependent on the application. An example is shown below for two sampling schemes.

Example 1: SBE 48 is set up to sample autonomously every 5 minutes (12 samples/hour). How long can it be deployed with a lithium battery?

Sampling current consumption = 18 milliAmp-sec/sample = 0.018 Amp-sec/sample In 1 hour, sampling current consumption = 12 * 0.018 Amp-sec/sample = 0.216 Amp-sec/hour Quiescent current = 10 microamps = 0.01 mA = 0.00001 Amp In 1 hour, quiescent current consumption = 0.00001 mA * 3600 sec/hour = 0.036 Amp-sec/hour Current consumption / hour = 0.216 + 0.036 = 0.252 Amp-sec/hour Capacity = (1.1 Amp-hours * 3600 sec/hr) / (0.252 Amp-sec/hour) = 15714 hours = 654 days = 1.7 years Total number of samples = 15714 hours * 12 samples/hour = 188,000 samples *Example 2:* SBE 48 is set up to sample continuously. How long can it be deployed with a lithium battery?

Sampling current consumption = 15 milliAmps = 0.015 Amp Capacity = (1.1 Amp-hours) / (0.015 Amps) = 73 hours

Section 3: Preparing SBE 48 for Deployment

This section describes installing software and the pre-check procedure for preparing the SBE 48 for deployment.

Software Installation

Notes:

- Help files provide detailed information on the software. A separate software manual on the CD-ROM contains detailed information on SBE Data Processing.
- It is possible to use the SBE 48 without the Seaterm terminal program by sending direct commands from a dumb terminal or terminal emulator, such as Windows HyperTerminal.
- Sea-Bird supplies the current version of our software when you purchase an instrument. As software revisions occur, we post the revised software on our website. See our website for the latest software version number, a description of the software changes, and instructions for downloading the software.

Seasoft V2 was designed to work with a PC running Windows XP service pack 2 or later, Windows Vista, or Windows 7 (32-bit or 64-bit).

If not already installed, install Seaterm and other Sea-Bird software programs on your computer using the supplied software CD:

- 1. Insert the CD in your CD drive.
- Install software: Double click on SeasoftV2*.exe (* is characters indicating the software version number). Follow the dialog box directions to install the software. The installation program allows you to install the desired components. Install all the components, or just install Seaterm (terminal program for setting up SBE 48), Plot39 (plotting software), and SBE Data Processing (data processing software).

The default location for the software is c:\Program Files\Sea-Bird. Within that folder is a sub-directory for each program.

If you will be using a USB-to-Serial Port adapter to connect the SBE 48 to a USB port on your computer: You must install the driver for the adapter. The driver should have been provided when you purchased the adapter, or you should be able to download it from the adapter manufacturer's website.

Power and Communications Test

Note:

Sea-Bird ships the SBE 48 with a 9-volt lithium battery installed. See Section 5: Routine Maintenance and Calibration for details on replacing the battery.

CAUTIONS:

- Do not use WD-40 or other petroleum-based lubricants, as they will damage the connectors.
- Silicone lubricants in a spray can may contain ketones, esters, ethers, alcohols, or glycols in their propellant. Do not use these sprays, as they will damage the connector.



The power and communications test will verify that the system works, prior to deployment.

Test Setup

- 1. Install the I/O cable connector (see *Dimensions and Connector* in *Section 2: Description of SBE 48*):
 - A. Lightly lubricate the sides of the rubber prongs on the SBE 48 bulkhead connector with silicone grease (DC-4 or equivalent).
 - B. Install the cable connector, aligning the holes with the five pins on the SBE 48's bulkhead connector.
 - C. Place the locking sleeve over the connector. Tighten the locking sleeve finger tight only. **Do not overtighten the locking sleeve and do not use a wrench or pliers.**
 - D. Connect the I/O cable connector to your computer's serial port.
 - E. Connect the I/O cable connector's red (+) and black (-) wires to a power supply (8 16 VDC).

Test

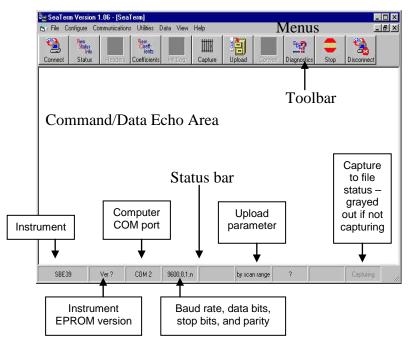
Notes:

- See Seaterm's Help files.
- The SBE 48 is not available in the list of instrument types. Select the SBE 39 as the instrument type.
- 1. Double click on SeaTerm.exe. If this is the first time the program is used, the setup dialog box appears:



Select the instrument type (SBE 39) and the computer COM port for communication with the instrument. Click OK.

2. The main screen looks like this:



Note:

There is at least one way, and as many as three ways, to enter a command:

- Manually type a command
- Use a menu to automatically generate a command
- Use a Toolbar button to automatically generate a command

Note:

Once the system is configured and connected (Steps 3 and 4 below), to update the Status bar:

- on the Toolbar, click Status; or
- from the Utilities menu, select Instrument Status.

Seaterm sends the status command; the response displays in the Data Echo Area, and the Status bar is updated.

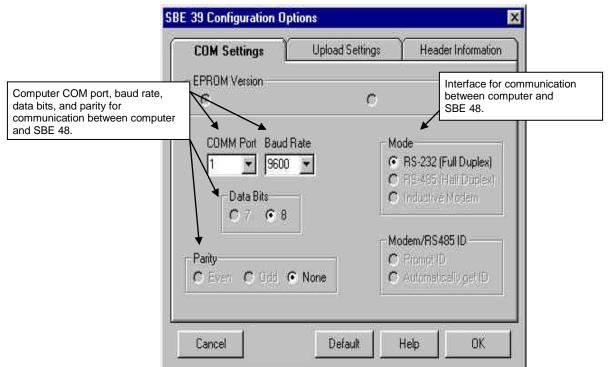
- Menus Contains tasks and frequently executed instrument commands.
- Toolbar Contains buttons for frequently executed tasks and instrument commands. All tasks and commands accessed through the Toolbar are also available in the Menus. To display or hide the Toolbar, select View Toolbar in the View menu. Grayed out Toolbar buttons are not applicable.
- Command/Data Echo Area Echoes a command executed using a Menu or Toolbar button, as well as the instrument's response. Additionally, a command can be manually typed in this area, from the available commands for the instrument. Note that the instrument must be *awake* for it to respond to a command (use Connect on the Toolbar to wake up the instrument).
- Status bar Provides status information. To display or hide the Status bar, select View Status bar in the View menu.

Following are the Toolbar buttons applicable to the SBE 48:

Toolbar Button	Description	Equivalent Command*
Connect	Re-establish communications with SBE 48. Computer responds with S> prompt. SBE 48 goes to sleep after 2 minutes without communication from computer have elapsed.	(press Enter key)
Status	Display instrument setup and status (logging, number of samples in memory, etc.).	DS
Coefficients	Display calibration coefficients.	DC
Capture	Capture instrument responses on screen to file; useful for diagnostics. File has .cap extension. Press Capture again to turn off capture. Capture status displays in Status bar.	_
Upload	 Upload data stored in SBE 48's memory, in format to allow for post-processing by Plot39 or SBE Data Processing. Uploaded data has .asc extension. Before using Upload: Configure upload and header parameters in Configure menu. If Autonomous Sampling: Send Stop command to stop logging. 	DDb,e (use Upload button if you will be post- processing data with Plot39 or SBE Data Processing)
Convert	Convert uploaded .asc data file to a .cnv data file, which can then be processed by SBE Data Processing.	—
Diagnostics	Perform one or more diagnostic tests on SBE 48. Diagnostic test(s) accessed in this manner are non-destructive –they do not write over any existing instrument settings.	DS, DC, TS, and TSR
Stop	Interrupt and end current activity, such as logging, uploading, or diagnostic test.	_
Disconnect	Free computer COM port used to communicate with SBE 48. COM port can then be used by another program.	

*See Command Descriptions in Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 48.

3. In the Configure menu, select **SBE 39**. The dialog box looks like this:



Notes:

- Seaterm's baud rate must be the same as the SBE 48's baud rate (set with Baud=). Baud= is factory-set to 9600, but can be changed by the user (see *Command Descriptions* in *Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 48*).
- When you click OK, Seaterm saves the Configuration Options settings to the SeaTerm.ini file in your Windows directory. SeaTerm.ini contains the last saved settings for **each** instrument. When you open Seaterm and select the desired instrument (SBE 37, 39, etc.) in the Configure menu, the Configuration Options dialog box shows the last saved settings for that instrument.

Make the selections in the Configuration Options dialog box:

- COMM Port: COM 1 through COM 10, as applicable
- Baud Rate: 9600 (documented on front cover of this manual)
- Data Bits: 8
- Parity: None
- Mode: RS-232 (Full Duplex)

Click OK to save the settings.

- 4. In the Communications menu, select *Options / Cycle baud when connecting*.
- 5. Click Connect on the Toolbar. Seaterm tries to connect to the SBE 48 at the baud set in Step 3. If it cannot, it cycles through all other possible baud rates to try to connect. When it connects, the display looks like this:

SBE 48

S>

This shows that correct communications between the computer and the SBE 48 has been established.

If the system does not respond as shown above:

- Click Connect again.
- Verify the correct instrument was selected in the Configure menu and the settings were entered correctly in the Configuration Options dialog box. Note that the baud rate's factory setting is documented on the front cover of this manual.
- Check cabling between the computer and SBE 48.

6.

Note:

The SBE 48 has a 2 minute timeout algorithm designed to:

- restore control to the computer if an illegal command is sent
- conserve power if too much time elapses between commands If the system does not appear to respond, click Connect on the Toolbar to reestablish communications.

Display SBE 48 status information by clicking Status on the Toolbar. The display looks like this:
<pre>SBE 48 V 2.0 SERIAL NO. 0916 08 Aug 2008 08:49:09 battery voltage = 7.5 logging not started sample interval = 30 seconds number of samples to average = 60 samplenumber = 89, free = 4699778 serial sync mode disabled</pre>
real-time output disabled SBE 39 configuration = temperature only binary upload includes time temperature =19.48 deg C

7. Command the SBE 48 to take a sample by typing **TS** and pressing the Enter key. The display looks like this:

23.7658, 08 Aug 2008, 08:50:23

where 23.7658 = temperature in degrees Celsius 08 Aug 2008 = date 08:50:23 = time

These numbers should be reasonable; i.e., room temperature, current date and time (factory-programmed to Pacific Daylight or Standard Time; can be changed by user).

8. Command the SBE 48 to go to sleep (quiescent state) by typing **QS** and pressing the Enter key.

The SBE 48 is ready for programming and deployment.

Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 48

This section provides discussions and instructions on:

- System operation
- Example sets of operation commands for each operating mode
- Real-time data acquisition
- Detailed command descriptions
- Data output formats
- Deployment
- Uploading data
- Processing data

Sampling Modes

The SBE 48's user-selectable sampling modes for obtaining data include:

- Polled Sampling
- Autonomous Sampling Interval and Continuous
- Serial Line Synchronization

Commands can be used in various combinations to provide a high degree of operating flexibility.

Descriptions and examples of the sampling modes follow. Note that the SBE 48's response to each command is not shown in the examples. Review the operation of the sampling modes and the commands described in *Command Descriptions* before setting up your system.

Polled Sampling (Operating commands)

The SBE 48 takes one sample of data and sends the data to the computer. Storing of data in the SBE 48's FLASH memory is dependent on the particular command used.

Example: (user input in bold) Establish communication with SBE 48. Command SBE 48 to take a sample and send converted data to computer (do not store data in memory). Send power-off command to SBE 48. (Click Connect on Toolbar to wake up) S>TS S>QS

Autonomous Sampling (Logging commands)

There are two types of Autonomous sampling:

- *Interval sampling*: At pre-programmed intervals, the SBE 48 wakes up, samples data and stores it in FLASH memory, and powers-off (enters quiescent state). The sampling interval is set with **Interval=**.
- *Continuous sampling*: The SBE 48 samples data continuously and stores it in FLASH memory, and does not power-off between samples. Continuous sampling is established by setting **Interval=0**. If not transmitting real-time output, the SBE 48 takes a sample at approximately 0.8-sec intervals; if transmitting real-time data, the SBE 48 takes a sample at approximately 1.0-sec intervals.

Logging is started with **StartNow** or **StartLater**, and is stopped with **Stop**. Transmission of real-time data to the computer is dependent on **TxRealTime=**.

Example: Autonomous Sampling - Interval Sampling (user input in bold) Establish communication. Set sample number to 0 to overwrite previous data in memory. Set up to sample every 10 sec, store data in memory, and not transmit real-time data to computer. Set up to automatically start on 10 January 2009 at 12:00:00. Verify setup. Send power-off command to SBE 48 after all parameters are entered - system will automatically wake up and power down for each sample.

(Click Connect on Toolbar to wake up)

```
S>SAMPLENUM=0
S>INTERVAL=10
S>TXREALTIME=N
S>STARTMMDDYY=011009
S>STARTHHMMSS=120000
S>STARTLATER
S>DS (verify setup)
S>QS
```

When ready to upload all data to computer, establish communication with SBE 48, stop sampling, and upload data. Send power-off command.

(Click Connect on Toolbar to wake up)

(Press Enter key to get S> prompt) S>**STOP** (Click Upload on Toolbar – program leads you through screens to define data to be uploaded and where to store it) S>**QS**

Example: Autonomous Sampling - Continuous Sampling Same as above, but set Interval=0.

Note:

- Use Stop to:
- stop logging
- stop waiting to start logging (after StartLater has been sent)

Serial Line Sync

Serial Line Sync allows a simple pulse on the RS-232 line to initiate a sample. This mode provides easy integration with other instruments that can synchronize SBE 48 sampling with their own, without drawing on their battery or memory resources.

If this mode is enabled (**SyncMode=Y**) and the SBE 48 is powered down, setting the RS-232 RX line high (3 - 10 VDC) for 1 to 1000 millisec wakes up the SBE 48 and executes the following sequence:

- Take sample
- Store sample in FLASH memory
- Output real-time data if TxRealTime=Y

The SBE 48 then checks the RS-232 line:

- Mark State (RS-232 RX line less than 0.5 volts) SBE 48 immediately powers down. Serial line sync mode remains enabled (SyncMode=Y).
- **Space State** (RS-232 RX line greater than 3 volts) SBE 48 monitors the RS-232 line for 100 millisec:
 - If line remains in space state SBE 48 disables serial line sync mode (SyncMode=N) at end of time. Once serial line sync mode is disabled, you can communicate with the SBE 48 using the full range of commands (operating, logging, upload commands, etc.).
 - If line returns to mark state SBE 48 immediately powers down. Serial line sync mode remains enabled (SyncMode=Y).

In summary, to disable serial line sync after taking a sample, put the RS-232 line in space state (greater then 3 volts) for 100 millisec.

Example: Serial Line Sync Mode (user input in bold)

Establish communication. Set sample number to 0 to overwrite previous data in memory. Do not transmit real-time data to computer. Enable serial line sync mode. Verify setup. Send power-off command.

(Click Connect on Toolbar to wake up)

```
S>SAMPLENUM=0
S>TXREALTIME=N
S>SYNCMODE=Y
S>DS (to verify setup)
```

S>**QS**

Take samples using serial line sync mode:

(Set RS-232 RX line high [3-10 VDC] for 1-1000 millisec. SBE 48 takes sample and stores data in memory. Within 100 millisec, set RS-232 RX line to mark state [less than 0.5 volts]; SBE 48 powers down.) (Repeat this process at periodic intervals as desired.)

When ready to upload all data to computer, disable serial line sync mode, and then upload data and power down:

(Set RS-232 RX line high [3-10 VDC] for 1-1000 millisec. SBE 48 takes sample and stores data in memory)

(Select *Send 5 second break* in Communications menu to disable serial line sync mode.)

(Press Enter key to get S> prompt.)

S>DS (to verify SBE 48 is communicating)

(Click Upload on Toolbar – program leads you through screens to define data to be uploaded and where to store it) S>QS

Note:

If running **Seaterm**, select *Send 5* second break in the Communications menu to hold the RS-232 RX line in space state for 5 sec. This will cause the SBE 48 to exit Serial Line Sync Mode.

Baud Rate and Cable Length

Notes:

- Set **TxRealTime=Y** to transmit real-time data for autonomous sampling or serial line sync mode.
- Set baud rate with **Baud=**.

See Command Descriptions in Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 48 for command details. The length of cable that the SBE 48 can drive for transmitting real-time data is dependent on the baud rate. The allowable combinations are:

Maximum Cable Length (meters)	Maximum Baud Rate
800	1200
400	2400
200	4800
100	9600
50	19200
25	38400

If acquiring real-time data, click Capture on Seaterm's Toolbar before you begin sampling. The data displayed in Seaterm will be saved to the designated file. Process the data as desired. Note that this real-time data file **cannot be processed by Plot39 or SBE Data Processing, as it does not have the required headers and format**. To process data with Plot39 or SBE Data Processing, upload the data from the SBE 48's memory.

Command Descriptions

This section describes commands and provides sample outputs. See *Appendix III: Command Summary* for a summarized command list.

When entering commands:

- Input commands to the SBE 48 in upper or lower case letters and register commands by pressing the Enter key.
- The SBE 48 sends ? CMD if an invalid command is entered.
- If the system does not return an S> prompt after executing a command, press the Enter key to get the S> prompt.
- If a new command is not received within 2 minutes after the completion of a command, the SBE 48 returns to the quiescent (sleep) state to prevent exhaustion of its battery.
- If in quiescent state, re-establish communications by clicking Connect on the Toolbar or pressing the Enter key to get an S> prompt.

Status Command

DS

Display status and setup parameters. Equivalent to Status on Toolbar.

List below includes, where applicable, command used to modify parameter.

- firmware version, serial number, date and time [MMDDYY= and HHMMSS=]
- input power voltage
- logging status (logging not started, logging data, not logging: waiting to start at ..., not logging: received stop command, not logging: low battery, or unknown status)
- sample interval time [Interval=]
- number of samples to average (running average) [**NAvg=**]
- number of samples in memory, available sample space in memory
- serial line sync mode status [SyncMode=]
- real-time output status [**TxRealTime=**]
- instrument configuration temperature only
- binary upload includes time? [**BinaryTime=**]
- current temperature

Example: (user input in bold, command used to modify parameter in parentheses). S>DS SBE48 V 2.0 [MMDDYY= and HHMMSS=] SERIAL NO. 4355 24 Jul 2008 08:49:08 battery voltage = 7.5logging not started [Interval=] sample interval = 20 seconds number of samples to average = 60 [NAvg=] samplenumber = 89, free = 4699778serial sync mode disabled [SyncMode=] real-time output disabled [TxRealTime=] (not relevant to SBE 48) SBE 39 configuration = temperature only binary upload includes time [BinaryTime=] temperature = 19.48 deg C

Neter	Setup Commands	
 Notes: DDMMYY= and MMDDYY= are equivalent. Either can be used to set the date. 	MMDDYY=mmddyy	Set real-time clock month, day, year. Must be followed by HHMMSS = to set time.
 Always set both date and then time. If a new date is entered but not a new time, the new date will not be 	DDMMYY=ddmmyy	Set real-time clock day, month, year. Must be followed by HHMMSS= to set time.
saved. If a new time is entered without first entering a new date, the	HHMMSS=hhmmss	Set real-time clock hour, minute, second.
 date will reset to the last date it was set for with MMDDYY= or DDMMYY=. If the battery has been removed, date and time must be reset. If the SBE 48 is logging or waiting to start logging (StartLater command has been set), it will not allow the user to reset date or time. 	Example: Set current date and to (user input in bold). S>MMDDYY=011009 S>HHMMSS=120000 or S>DDMMYY=100109 S>HHMMSS=120000	time to 10 January 2009 12:00:00
Note: The SBE 48's baud (set with Baud=) must be the same as Seaterm's baud	Baud=x	x = baud rate (1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400). Default 9600.
(set in Configure menu).	NAvg=x	x = number of scans in running average (1 - 120). Running average is reset to 0 when StartNow or StartLater is sent.
 Notes: TxRealTime= applies to autonomous (continuous or interval sampling) and serial line sync mode. To capture real-time data to a file, do this <i>before</i> starting logging: A.Click Toolbar's Capture button. B.Enter desired file name in dialog box. <i>Capture</i> status displays in status bar at bottom of screen. 	TxRealTime=x	 x=Y: Output real-time data to computer. Data is transmitted immediately after it is sampled. This does not affect storing data to FLASH memory, but slightly increases current consumption and increases amount of time needed to sample (and then transmit) data. x=N: Do not.
Note: See <i>Sampling Modes</i> for details on serial line synchronization.	SyncMode=x	 x=Y: Enable Serial Line Sync Mode. When RS-232 RX line is high (3-10 VDC) for 1 to 1000 millisec, SBE 48 takes a sample, stores data in FLASH memory, transmits real-time data (if TxRealTime=Y), and powers down. x=N: Do not.
Note: Do not send SampleNum=0 until all data has been uploaded. SampleNum=0 does not delete data; it just resets the data pointer. If you accidentally send this command before uploading,	SampleNum=x	\mathbf{x} = sample number for first sample when sampling begins. After all previous data has been uploaded from SBE 48, set sample number to 0 before starting to sample to make entire memory available for recording. If not set to 0, data will be stored after last recorded sample.
see Memory in Appendix I: Functional Description for a discussion of how to recover the data.	QS	Quit session and place SBE 48 in quiescent (sleep) state. Main power is turned off. Autonomous sampling and memory retention are unaffected, with one exception: If Interval=0 (continuous sampling), do not send QS after sending StartNow (QS puts SBE 48 to sleep, preventing further logging).

	Autonomous Sampling (L	Logging) Commands	
Note: If the SBE 48 is logging data and the voltage is less than 6.25 volts for ten consecutive scans, the SBE 48 halts logging and sets the logging status to low battery.		nmands direct the SBE 48 to samp store the data in its FLASH memo	
Note: Sampling time shown does not include time to transmit real-time data, which is dependent on baud rate.	Interval=x	x= interval (sec) betweer (0, or 3 to 32767). When start sampling with Start StartLater, SBE 48 take data in FLASH memory, time data (if TxRealTim	t commanded to tNow or es a sample, stores , transmits real-
Time required to transmit data = (# of characters * 10 bits/character) / baud This corresponds to 0.28 sec at 1200 baud to 0.01 sec at 38400 baud.		down at x sec intervals. If x=0 , SBE 48 samples without powering down Approximate interval bet	between samples.
]	Output	Time (sec)
		Not real-time (TxRealTime=N) Real-time (TxRealTime=Y)	0.80 1.00
Note: If Interval=0 (continuous sampling), do not send QS after sending StartNow. QS puts the SBE 48 to sleep, preventing further logging.	StartNow	Start logging now. Runn reset to 0. Data is stored memory. Data is transmi TxRealTime=Y .	in FLASH
56669, protoniung	StartMMDDYY=mmddy	y Set delayed logging start Must be followed by Sta to set delayed start time.	rtHHMMSS=
Note: StartDDMMYY= and StartMMDDYY= are equivalent. Either can be used to set the delayed start date.	StartDDMMYY=ddmmy	y Set delayed logging start Must be followed by Sta to set delayed start time.	
	StartHHMMSS=hhmmss	Set delayed logging start second.	hour, minute,
	StartLater	Start logging at time set date and time commands is reset to 0. Data is store memory. Data is transmi TxRealTime=Y .	s. Running average ed in FLASH
 Notes: After receiving StartLater, the SBE 48 displays not logging: waiting to start in reply to DS. Once logging has started, the DS reply indicates logging data. If the delayed start time has already passed when StartLater is received, the SBE 48 executes StartNow. 	Example: Program SBE 4(user input in bold).S>STARTMMDDYY=012S>STARTHHMMSS=120S>STARTLATERorS>STARTDDMMYY=200S>STARTHHMMSS=120S>STARTHHMMSS=120S>STARTLATER	0000	2009 12:00:00

	Autonomous Sampling (Logging) Commands (continued)	
	SA	Transmit running average of temperature data.
	SAQS	Transmit running average of temperature data, and turn power off (put SBE 48 in quiescent state).
Note: You may need to send Stop several times to get the SBE 48 to respond. This is most likely to occur if sampling continuously or with a small Interval and transmitting real-time data (TxRealTime=Y).	Stop	Stop logging (started with StartNow or StartLater) or stop waiting to start logging (if StartLater was sent but logging has not begun yet). Press Enter key to get S> prompt before entering Stop. Stop must be sent before uploading data using Upload on the Toolbar, Upload Data in the Data menu, or DDb,e or DBb,e .

Polled Sampling Commands

The SBE 48 has a buffer that stores the SBE 48.		ed by an external controller to request a sample from	
the most recent data sample. Unlike data in the FLASH memory, data in the buffer is erased upon removal or failure of power.	TS	Take sample and transmit converted data. Data is not stored in FLASH memory. Do not send if SBE 48 is logging data.	
	TSR	Take sample and transmit raw data. Data is not stored in FLASH memory. Do not send if SBE 48 is logging data.	
	SLT	Transmit converted data from last sample from buffer, and then take new sample. Data is not stored in FLASH memory. Do not send if SBE 48 is logging data.	
	SLTR	Transmit raw data from last sample from buffer, and then take new sample. Data is not stored in FLASH memory. Do not send if SBE 48 is logging data.	
	TSS	Take sample, store in FLASH memory , transmit converted data, and turn power off . Do not send if SBE 48 is logging data.	
	TSSOn	Take sample, store in FLASH memory , and transmit converted data. Do not send if SBE 48 is logging data.	
	SL	Transmit converted data from last sample from buffer.	

Data Upload Commands

Notes:

- Manually entering DDb,e or DBb,e does not produce data with the required header information for processing by Plot39 or SBE Data Processing. Use Upload on the Toolbar or Upload Data in the Data menu to upload data that will be processed by Plot39 or SBE Data Processing. Seaterm checks the setting on the Upload Settings tab in the Configuration dialog box to determine whether to upload in ASCII or binary format.
- To save data to a file, click Capture on the Toolbar before entering **DDb,e** or **DBb,e**.
- See Data Output Formats after these Command Descriptions.

Send Stop before uploading data.

ASCII Upload:

DDb,e

Upload data **in ASCII** from scan **b** to scan **e**. First scan is number 1. If **DDb** is sent, only scan **b** is uploaded. If **DD** is sent, all scans in memory are uploaded. As data uploads, the screen first displays start time =, sample interval =, and start sample number =. These are start time, sample interval, and starting sample number for the last set of logged data, which can be useful in determining what data to review.

Example: Upload data from memory (user input in bold).(Click Capture on Toolbar and enter the desired filename in the dialog boxbefore beginning upload.)S>DD1,200(Upload scans 1 through 200)S>DD1(Upload scan 1)S>DD(Upload all scans in memory)

Binary Upload:

Binary upload, useful for large data sets, is faster than ASCII upload. Seaterm uploads the data in binary and then converts to ASCII engineering units, **resulting in a .asc file with the same format as from an ASCII upload**. Seaterm uses the following relationships to convert the binary data back to ASCII engineering units:

t = (T / tscale) - toffset

time (binary) = seconds since 1980

where

- tscale and toffset are factory-programmed into the SBE 48
- T is a binary representation of temperature
- t is temperature in ASCII engineering units

DBb,e

Upload data **in binary** from scan **b** to scan **e**. First scan is number 1. If **DBb** is sent, only scan **b** is uploaded. If **DB** is sent, all scans in memory are uploaded. As data uploads, screen first displays start time =, sample interval =, and start sample number =. These are start time, sample interval, and starting sample number for last set of logged data, which can be useful in determining what data to review.

_ <u> </u>	Example: Upload data from memory (user input in bold).		
(Click Capture	(Click Capture on Toolbar and enter desired filename in dialog box		
before beginnin	g upload.)		
S> DB1,200	(Upload scans 1 through 200)		
S> DB1	(Upload scan 1)		
S>DB	(Upload all scans in memory)		

	Data Upload Commands (continued)	
Note:	BinaryTime=x	Applies to binary data upload only.
BinaryTime= has no effect on the standard ASCII upload.		x=Y : Upload date and time for every scan from memory.
		 x=N: Upload date and time from memory only for scan at beginning of each block of data (350 scans/block), reducing time required for upload. Seaterm uses Interval= to calculate and insert date and time for each scan within block. If SBE 48 did not sample at correct interval, any discrepancy will be apparent by comparing <i>calculated</i> time for last scan in a data block to <i>uploaded</i> time for first scan in following data block. Do not set BinaryTime=N if Interval=0 (continuous sampling); Seaterm will insert same date and time for every scan in block.
	*DB	Display binary upload parameters. Each parameter is separated by a comma and a space. List below includes, where applicable, command used to modify parameter. • Sample interval time [Interval=] • Type Type BinaryTime= 0 N

Туре	BinaryTime=
0	Ν
2	Y

Tscale and toffset - factory-• programmed parameters used to convert binary data from SBE 48 back to ASCII engineering units

Testing	Commands
---------	----------

Data obtained with these commands is **not** stored in FLASH memory.

TT	Measure temperature for 100 samples or until Esc key is pressed, output converted data.
TTR	Measure temperature for 100 samples or until Esc key is pressed, output raw data.

Calibration Coefficients Commands

Notes:

- Date shown is when calibration was performed. Calibration coefficients are initially factory-set and should agree with Calibration Certificates shipped with SBE 48.
- See individual Coefficient Commands below for definitions of the data in the example.

DC

Display calibration coefficients. Equivalent to Coefficients on Toolbar.

Example: Display coefficients for an SBE 48 (user input in bold).
S>DC
SBE48 V 2.0 0916
temperature: 28-jul-09
TA0 = -9.420702e-05
TA1 = 2.937924e-04
TA2 = -3.739471e-06
TA3 = 1.909551e-07

The individual Coefficient Commands listed below are used to modify a particular coefficient or date:

Note:	
F = floating point number	
S = string with no spaces	

TCalDate=S

TA1=F TA2=F TA3=F

TA0=F

S= Temperature calibration date.

- **F**= Temperature A0.
- **F**= Temperature A1.
- **F**= Temperature A2.
- **F**= Temperature A3.

Data Output Formats

The SBE 48 transmits data in engineering units (except in response to **TSR** and **SLTR**, which request raw data). The exact format of the output varies, as described below.

Notes:

- Each line of output is followed by a carriage return and line feed.
- Leading zeros for temperature output are suppressed, except for one zero to the left of the decimal point (for example, a temperature of 0.1034).
- Output to Seaterm after Sending Polled Sampling Command (TS, SL, SLT, TSS, TSSOn) ttt.tttt, dd mmm yyyy, hh:mm:ss
- Output to Seaterm if Transmitting Real-Time Data (**TxRealTime=Y**) # ttt.tttt, dd mmm yyyy, hh:mm:ss
- Output to Seaterm after Manually Sending Data Upload Command (DDB,e) ttt.tttt, dd mmm yyyy, hh:mm:ss
- Output to Seaterm after Manually Sending Binary Data Upload Command (**DBb,e**) not usable
- Output to .asc file after Sending Data Upload Command with Upload on Toolbar or Upload Data in Data menu ttt.tttt, dd mmm yyyy, hh:mm:ss Note: This applies to ASCII as well as binary upload

Where:

t = temperature (degrees Celsius, ITS-90) hh:mm:ss = hour, minute, second dd mmm yyyy = day, month, year The month is a 3-character alphabetic abbreviation (jan, feb, mar, etc.)

Setup for Deployment

- 1. If not providing external power, install a new battery or ensure the existing battery has enough capacity to cover the intended deployment. See *Section 2: Description of SBE 48* for battery endurance specifications and *Section 5: Routine Maintenance and Calibration* for details on battery replacement.
- 2. Program the SBE 48 for the intended deployment (see *Section 3: Preparing SBE 48 for Deployment* for connection information; see information in this section on commands and sampling modes):
 - A. Ensure all data has been uploaded, and then set **SampleNum=0** to make the entire memory available for recording. If **SampleNum-** is not reset to 0, data will be stored after the last recorded sample.
 - B. Set the date and then time.
 - C. Establish the setup and sampling parameters.
 - D. Use one of the following sequences to initiate logging:
 - StartNow to start logging now, taking a sample every Interval= sec.
 - StartMMDDYY=, StartHHMMSS=, and StartLater to start logging at the specified date and time, taking a sample every Interval= sec.
 - **SyncMode=Y** to place the SBE 48 in serial line sync mode, so that a simple pulse on the RS-232 line will initiate a sample.

Notes:

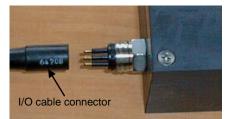
- If the battery has been removed, date and then time must be reset.
- It is always necessary to set both date and then time.

Note: If Interval=0, the SBE 48 samples continuously, without powering down between samples.

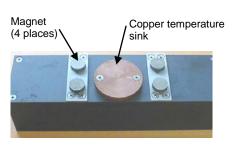
Deployment

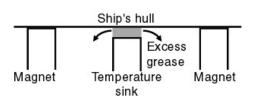
CAUTIONS:

- Do not use WD-40 or other petroleum-based lubricants, as they will damage the connectors.
- Silicone lubricants in a spray can may contain ketones, esters, ethers, alcohols, or glycols in their propellant. Do not use these sprays, as they will damage the connector.









On the ship, cables longer than 3 meters should be installed inside an earthed metal conduit by a qualified electrician. This minimizes the potential for external signals to disrupt communication and ensures that high voltage lines (such as the sea cable) are sufficiently protected. Cables shorter than 3 meters can be used without shielding when installing or bench testing the instrument.

- 1. Install the I/O cable connector:
 - A. Lightly lubricate the sides of the rubber prongs on the SBE 48 bulkhead connector with silicone grease (DC-4 or equivalent).
 - B. Install the cable connector, aligning the holes with the five pins on the SBE 48's bulkhead connector.
 - C. Place the locking sleeve over the connector. Tighten the locking sleeve finger tight only. **Do not overtighten the locking sleeve and do not use a wrench or pliers.**
 - D. Connect the I/O cable connector to your computer's serial port. A 9-to-25 pin adapter is supplied for use if your computer has a 25-pin serial port.
 - E. Connect the I/O cable connector's red (+) and black (-) wires to a power supply (8 16 VDC).
- 2. Generously coat the temperature sink with heat sink grease.

- 3. Mount the SBE 48 on the inside of the ship's hull, using the magnets. Excess heat sink grease should squeeze out the side of the temperature sink.
 - If excess grease does not squeeze out the side, the temperature sink may not be in good contact with the hull. Remove the SBE 48 from the hull, apply more heat sink grease, and remount.

Uploading Data

Note: For best performance and compatibility, Sea-Bird recommends that customers set their computer to English language format and the use of a period (.) for the decimal symbol. Some customers have found corrupted data when using the software's **binary upload** capability while set to other languages. To update your computer's language and decimal symbol (instructions are for a Windows 7 operating system):

- 1. In the computer Control Panel window, select Region and Language.
- 2. In the Region and Language window, on the Formats tab, select English in the Format pull down box.
- 3. In the Region and Language window, click the Additional settings . . . button. In the Customize Format window, select the period (.) in the Decimal symbol pull down box, and click OK.
- 4. In the Region and Language window, click OK.

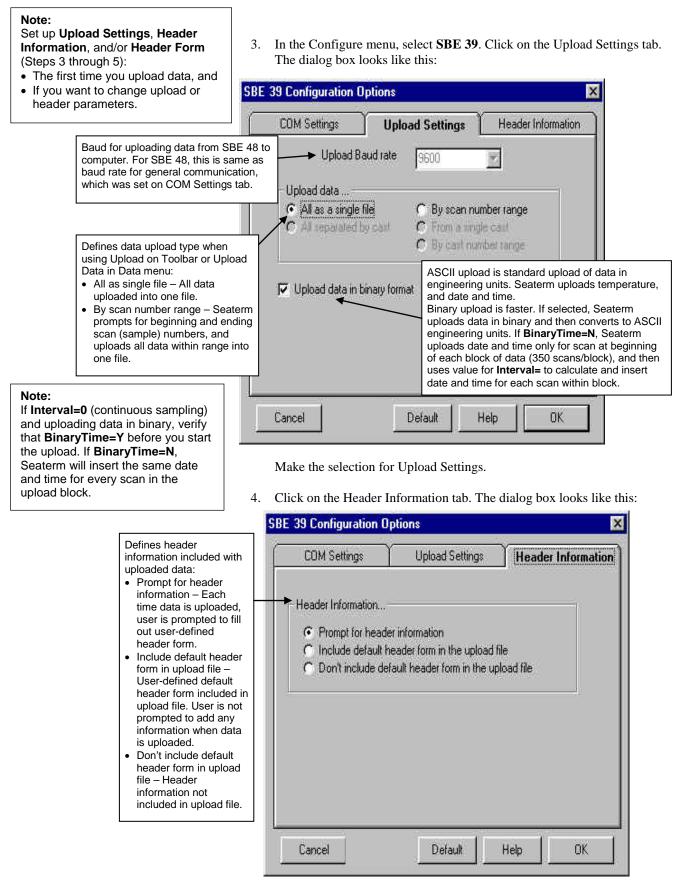
Proceed as follows:

Note:

While uploading data, Warning: Low Battery Voltage may be displayed. Follow **one** of these procedures to continue uploading:

- Connect power to the I/O connector red and black wires, to provide external power. This prevents loss of clock information and data in the 256 byte cache buffer. Once external power is in place, you can replace the internal battery without loss of clock information or data.
- Remove the internal battery and install a new one. The momentary loss of power resets the clock, preventing analysis of any clock drift, and erases the 256 byte cache buffer data (most recently recorded data, corresponding to 36 data samples). Note that all but the most recent data is stored in non-volatile FLASH memory, which is not affected by loss of power. See Section 5: Routine Maintenance and Calibration for replacement of the internal battery. See Memory in Appendix I: Functional Description for a discussion of the cache buffer.

- 1. If not already installed, install the I/O cable connector and connect it to an external power supply and to your computer's serial port. See *Power and Communications Test* in *Section 3: Preparing SBE 48 for Deployment.*
- 2. Double click on SeaTerm.exe. The display shows the main screen.



Select the desired header information option. Click OK to save the settings.

5. In the Configure menu, select Header Form to customize the header. The dialog box looks like this (default prompts are shown):

🐃 Edit Header Pr	rompts 📃 🗖	×
Prompt for line 1:	Ship:	
Prompt for line 2:	Cruise:	
Prompt for line 3:	Station:	_
Prompt for line 4:	Latitude:	
Prompt for line 5:	Longitude	
Prompt for line 6;		
Prompt for line 7:]	
Prompt for line 8:		
Prompt for line 9:	[
Prompt for line 10:		
Prompt for line 11:		_
Prompt for line 12:		
Defaults	Cancel OK	

The entries are free form, 0 to 12 lines long. This dialog box establishes:

- the header prompts that appear for the user to fill in when uploading data, if *Prompt for header information* was selected in the Configuration Options dialog box (Step 4)
- the header included with the uploaded data, if *Include default header form in upload file* was selected in the Configuration Options dialog box (Step 4)

Enter the desired header/header prompts. Click OK.

6. Click Connect on the Toolbar to begin communications with the SBE 48. The display looks like this:

SBE 48

S>

This shows that correct communications between the computer and the SBE 48 has been established.

If the system does not respond as shown above:

- Click Connect again.
- Check cabling between the computer and the SBE 48.
- Verify the correct instrument (SBE 39) was selected and the COM settings were entered correctly in the Configure menu.
- 7. If sampling autonomously, command the SBE 48 to stop logging by pressing the Enter key and sending **Stop**.

```
8. Display SBE 48 status information by clicking Status on the Toolbar.
The display looks like this:
SBE 48 V 2.0 SERIAL NO. 0916 08 Aug 2008 08:49:09
battery voltage = 7.5
not logging: received stop command
sample interval = 30 seconds
number of samples to average = 60
samplenumber = 10000, free = 4689867
serial sync mode disabled
real-time output disabled
SBE 39 configuration = temperature only
binary upload includes time
temperature =19.48 deg C
```

- 9. Click Upload on the Toolbar to upload stored data. Seaterm responds as follows:
 - A. Seaterm sends the status (**DS**) command, displays the response, and writes the command and response to the upload file. **DS** provides you with information regarding the number of samples in memory as well as the instrument setup.
 - B. If you selected *By scan number range* in the Configuration Options dialog box (Configure menu) – a dialog box requests the range. Enter the desired value(s), and click OK.
 - C. Seaterm sends the calibration coefficients (**DC**) command, displays the response, and writes the command and response to the upload file. **DC** displays the SBE 48's calibration coefficients.
 - D. If you selected *Prompt for header information* in the Configuration Options dialog box (Configure menu) a dialog box with the header form appears. Enter the desired header information, and click OK.
 - E. In the Open dialog box, enter the desired upload file name and click OK. The upload file has a .asc extension.
 - F. Seaterm sends the data upload command (**DDb**,e or **DBb**,e, depending on your selection of ASCII or binary upload on the Upload Settings tab of the Configuration Options dialog box).
 - G. When the data has been uploaded, Seaterm shows the S> prompt.

Note:

Binary upload is supported only for SBE 48 with firmware version 2.0 and later. Seaterm automatically checks the firmware version before it begins upload; if you selected binary upload but the SBE 48 firmware does not support it, Seaterm performs an ASCII upload instead.

- 10. Ensure all data has been uploaded from the SBE 48 by reviewing the data. Sea-Bird provides two options for reviewing/processing the data:
 - A. Use **Plot39** to plot the ASCII (.asc) data (see *Appendix II: PLOT39 Data Plotting Program* for details), **OR**
 - B. Use Seaterm's Convert utility to convert the .asc file to a .cnv file that can be used by SBE Data Processing.
 SBE Data Processing includes many post-processing modules; the only modules applicable to the SBE 48 include ASCII OUT and Sea Plot.
 - 1) In Seaterm, click Convert on the Toolbar. The Convert dialog box appears.
 - Enter the input (.asc) file name and the desired output (.cnv) file name; file names must include the path.
 - In processing the data, date and time is converted to Julian Day with five significant digits. As the default, Convert does not reset the Julian Day to 0 when rolling over from December 31 to January 1. If desired, click *Start new year at Julian time 0* to reset the Julian Day to 0 on January 1.
 - The *Convert pressure to depth* box is not applicable to the SBE 48 an SBE 48 does not have a pressure sensor.
 - 2) After the data is converted, use SBE Data Processing to process the .cnv data. See the software manual on CD-ROM or Help files for details.

Notes:

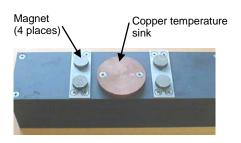
To prepare the SBE 48 for re-deployment:

- After all data has been uploaded, send SampleNum=0. If this command is not sent, new data will be stored after the last recorded sample, preventing use of the entire memory capacity.
- 2. Do one of the following:
 - Send QS to put the SBE 48 in quiescent (sleep) state until ready to redeploy. Leaving the SBE 48 with the battery in place and in quiescent state retains the date and time. The quiescent current is only 10 microamps, so the battery can be left in place without significant loss of capacity.
 - Use **StartNow** to begin logging immediately.
 - Set a time and date for logging to start using StartMMDDYY= or StartDDMMYY=, StartHHMMSS=, and StartLater.

Section 5: Routine Maintenance and Calibration

This section reviews corrosion precautions, replacement of the battery, O-ring maintenance, and sensor calibration. The SBE 48's accuracy is sustained by the care and calibration of the sensor and by establishing proper handling practices.

Corrosion Precautions



When used as described in this manual, the SBE 48 is not exposed to seawater, and no corrosion precautions are required.

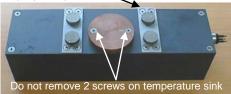
The SBE 48 has a copper temperature sink that provides heat transfer between the ship's hull and the SBE 48's thermistor, and it has four magnets designed to hold it tightly to a **steel-hulled** ship.

If used on an **aluminum-hulled** ship, the bare copper and the magnets in direct contact with the metal of the ship's hull may cause corrosion problems. Usually the inside of a ship's hull is painted, and this layer of insulation on an aluminum-hulled ship should be sufficient to prevent problems. While we have seen SBE 48s returned with corrosion present on their magnets, we have had no reports of corrosion of a ship's hull. Do not put the SBE 48 in direct contact with a bare metal ship's hull; inspect the installation periodically. Since the magnets will not work on an aluminum-hulled ship, and an alternative attachment method would be required, we recommend removing the magnets.

Replacing Battery



Phillips-head screw (12 places)

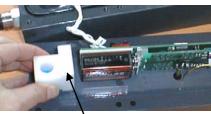




Battery cap - remove Phillipshead screw and grommet



Battery cap -¹remove mounting post



Remove battery cap

Note:

Before delivery, a desiccant package is placed in the housing, and the electronics chamber is filled with dry Argon gas. These measures help prevent condensation. To ensure proper functioning:

- Install new desiccant each time you open the housing. If a new bag is not available, see Application Note 71: Desiccant Use and Regeneration (drying).
- 2. If possible, dry gas backfill each time you open the housing. If you cannot, wait at least 24 hours before redeploying, to allow the desiccant to remove any moisture from the housing.

CAUTION: Do not use Parker O-Lube, which is petroleum based; use only *Super* O-Lube. Sea-Bird ships the SBE 48 with a 9-volt lithium battery installed. Leave the battery in place when storing the SBE 48 (quiescent current is only 10 microamps). If the SBE 48 is supplied with external power, the battery only powers the real-time clock and should last for five to ten years. However, **replace the battery yearly to prevent battery leakage** (which could damage the SBE 48).

Follow the instructions below to change the battery. Use a 9-volt lithium or alkaline battery. See *Shipping Precautions* in *Section 1: Introduction* for details on shipping lithium batteries.

- 1. Remove the cover and electronics from the housing:
 - A. Wipe the outside of the cover and housing dry, being careful to remove any water at the seam between them.
 - B. Remove the twelve Phillips-head screws (around the perimeter of the cover) that secure the cover to the SBE 48. Carefully remove the cover and electronics the connector is electrically connected to the electronics with a Molex connector.
 - C. Remove any water from the cover O-ring and mating surfaces with a lint-free cloth or tissue.
- 2. Replace the battery:
 - A. Remove the Phillips-head screw and grommet on the white battery cap.
 - B. Remove the mounting post on the battery cap.
 - C. Pull the battery cap off the battery.
 - D. Unsnap the old battery and replace with the new one. (The circuit is reverse polarity protected. Accidental contact will not harm the SBE 48).
 - E. Reinstall the battery cap with grommets (top and bottom), mounting post, and Phillips-head screw.
- 3. Reinstall the electronics and cover:
 - A. Remove the old desiccant bag and replace with a new one.
 - B. Remove any water from the O-ring and mating surfaces with a lintfree cloth or tissue. Inspect the O-ring and mating surfaces for dirt, nicks, and cuts. Clean as necessary. Apply a light coat of O-ring lubricant (Parker Super O Lube) to O-ring and mating surfaces.
 - C. Carefully fit the cover onto the housing.
 - D. Install the twelve Phillips-head screws to secure the cover to the housing.

O-Ring Maintenance

Note:

For details on recommended practices for cleaning, handling, lubricating, and installing O-rings, see the *Basic Maintenance of Sea-Bird Equipment* module in the Sea-Bird training materials on our website.

CAUTION:

Do not use Parker O-Lube, which is petroleum based; use only *Super* O-Lube.

Sensor Calibration

Inspect the O-rings each time you open the housing to replace the battery; replace approximately once a year.

Remove any water from the O-rings and mating surfaces in the housing with a lint-free cloth or tissue. Inspect O-rings and mating surfaces for dirt, nicks, and cuts. Clean or replace as necessary. Apply a light coat of O-ring lubricant (Parker Super O Lube) to O-rings and mating surfaces.

Sea-Bird sensors are calibrated by subjecting them to known physical conditions and measuring the sensor responses. Coefficients are then computed, which may be used with appropriate algorithms to obtain engineering units. The temperature sensor on the SBE 48 is supplied fully calibrated, with coefficients printed on the Calibration Certificate (see back of manual). These coefficients have been stored in the SBE 48's EEPROM.

We recommend that the SBE 48 be returned to Sea-Bird for calibration.

The primary source of temperature sensor calibration drift is the aging of the thermistor element. Sensor drift will usually be a few thousandths of a degree during the first year, and less in subsequent intervals. Sensor drift is not substantially dependent upon the environmental conditions of use, and — unlike platinum or copper elements — the thermistor is insensitive to shock.

Section 6: Troubleshooting

This section reviews common problems in operating the SBE 48, and provides the most common causes and solutions.

Problem 1: Unable to Communicate with SBE 48 via RS-232

The S> prompt indicates that communications between the SBE 48 and computer have been established. Before proceeding with troubleshooting, attempt to establish communications again by clicking Connect on Seaterm's toolbar or pressing the Enter key several times.

Cause/Solution 1: The I/O cable connection may be loose. Check the cabling between the SBE 48 and computer for a loose connection.

Cause/Solution 2: The instrument type and/or its communication settings may not have been entered correctly in Seaterm. Select the *SBE 39* in the Configure menu and verify the settings in the Configuration Options dialog box. The settings should match those on the instrument Configuration Sheet.

Cause/Solution 3: The I/O cable between the SBE 48 and computer may not be the correct one. The I/O cable supplied with the SBE 48 permits connection to standard 9-pin RS-232 interfaces.

Problem 2: No Data Recorded

Cause/Solution 1: The memory may be full; once the memory is full, no further data will be recorded. Verify that the memory is not full using **DS** (*free* = 0 or 1 if memory is full). Sea-Bird recommends that you upload all previous data before beginning another deployment. Once the data is uploaded, send **SampleNum=0** to reset the memory. After the memory is reset, **DS** will show *samplenumber* = 0.

Problem 3: Unreasonable Data

The symptom of this problem is a data file that contains unreasonable values (for example, values that are outside the expected range of the data).

Cause/Solution 1: A data file with unreasonable (i.e., out of the expected range) values for temperature or pressure may be caused by incorrect calibration coefficients in the SBE 48. Send **DC** to verify the calibration coefficients in the SBE 48 match the instrument Calibration Certificates. Note that calibration coefficients do not affect the raw data stored in SBE 48 memory.

• If you have not yet overwritten the memory with new data, you can correct the coefficients and then upload the data again.

Glossary

Note:

All Sea-Bird software listed was designed to work with a computer running Windows 2000/XP. Extensive testing has not shown any compatibility problems when using the software with a computer running Windows Vista or Windows 7 (32-bit or 64-bit). Battery – 9-volt lithium or alkaline transistor battery

Convert – Toolbar button in Seaterm to convert ASCII (.asc) data uploaded from the SBE 48 with Seaterm to .cnv format. When converted to .cnv format, SBE Data Processing can be used to analyze and display data.

PCB – Printed Circuit Board.

Plot39 – Sea-Bird's Windows software for plotting SBE 48 (and SBE 39) data.

SBE 48 – High-accuracy temperature recorder.

SBE Data Processing – Sea-Bird's Windows software, which calculates and plots temperature and derived variables. The only modules in SBE Data Processing that can be used with SBE 48 .cnv data are ASCII Out and Sea Plot.

Scan - One data sample containing temperature and date and time.

Seasoft V2 – Sea-Bird's complete Win 2000/XP software package, which includes software for communication, real-time data acquisition, and data analysis and display. Seasoft V2 includes **Seaterm**, SeatermAF, Seasave, **SBE Data Processing**, and **Plot39**.

Seaterm – Sea-Bird's Windows software used to communicate with the SBE 48. The SBE 48 is not available in Seaterm's Configure menu; **select the SBE 39 as the instrument type**.

CAUTION: Do not use Parker O-Lube, which is petroleum based; use only Super O-Lube. **Super O-Lube** – Silicone lubricant used to lubricate O-rings and O-ring mating surfaces. Super O-Lube can be ordered from Sea-Bird, but should also be available locally from distributors. Super O-Lube is manufactured by Parker Hannifin (www.parker.com/ead/cm2.asp?cmid=3956).

Appendix I: Functional Description

Sensor

The SBE 48 includes the same temperature sensor element (pressure-protected thermistor) previously employed in Sea-Bird's modular SBE 3 sensor, SeaCAT family, and SBE 39.

Sensor Interface

Temperature is acquired by applying an AC excitation to a hermetically sealed VISHAY reference resistor and an ultra-stable aged thermistor with a drift rate of less than 0.002°C per year. A 24-bit A/D converter digitizes the outputs of the reference resistor and thermistor. AC excitation and ratiometric comparison using a common processing channel avoids errors caused by parasitic thermocouples, offset voltages, leakage currents, and reference errors.

Real-Time Clock

To minimize power and improve clock accuracy, a temperature-compensated crystal oscillator (TCXO) is used as the real-time-clock frequency source. The TCXO is accurate to ± 1 minute per year (0 °C to 40 °C).

Memory

Data

The SBE 48 has a 64 MB FLASH memory for data storage (32,900,000 bytes usable). FLASH memory is non-volatile, and data in the memory is not lost as a result of depletion or removal of the battery. Because FLASH is written to a *page* (256 bytes) at a time, data is first accumulated in a 256-byte cache buffer. When the cache is full, its contents are transferred to FLASH memory. The cache is volatile, and thus depends on battery power. That is why an SBE 48 with depleted battery will lose its most recently stored data unless an external power supply is used (see *Uploading Data* in *Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 48*).

The data upload process integrates the data from the FLASH memory and the cache. **SampleNum=** controls the memory pointers that manage this process. Setting **SampleNum=0** resets the pointer in the FLASH memory and in the cache memory, causing the SBE 48 to overwrite existing data. It is important not to change **SampleNum=** until all data has been uploaded.

If **SampleNum** is inadvertently set to 0 before data is uploaded, and you wish to upload data, the following conditions apply:

Was additional data logged after SampleNum= was changed?	User then returns SampleNum= to:	Description of Uploaded Data
No	Original value	All data (data in FLASH as well as data in cache) uploads correctly.
No	Estimated value larger than original value	All data in FLASH uploads correctly. Data in cache is corrupted (minimum of 0 and maximum of 36 scans).
Yes < 256 bytes of new data (36 scans)	Original value	Old data in FLASH uploads correctly. Old data in cache is corrupted. First scan of new data in cache is corrupted; remaining scans of new data in cache upload correctly.
Yes > 256 bytes of new data (36 scans)	Yes > 256 ytes of new dataOld data in FLASH is overwritten with new data. Old data in cache is corrupted. If new data set is smaller than old set, a portion of old set can be recovered; scan bridging old and new data is corrupted. First scan of new	

Timekeeping

Time is stored in volatile memory. If power is removed, the clock resets to 1 January 1980. Upon restoration of power, the clock resumes normal operation.

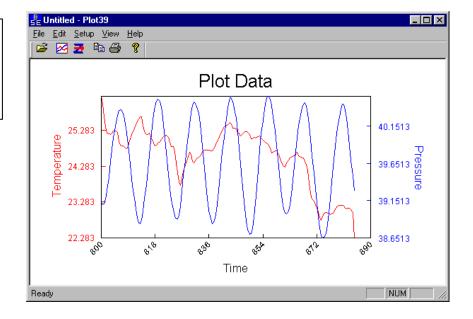
Settings

Calibration coefficients and setup and operating parameters (**Baud=**, **SampleNum=**, **Interval=**, etc.) are written to EEPROM and are non-volatile. These settings do not change if power is removed.

Appendix II: Plot39 Data Plotting Program

Notes:

- Pressure plot shown in the figure is not applicable to the SBE 48.
- Help files provide detailed information on the use of Plot39.



Plot39 is used to plot ASCII data (.asc file) that has been uploaded from the SBE 48. Plot39:

- Plots the data in color. The plot can be saved as a graphic file for presentation.
- Improves display speed with data culling. Plot39 plots every Nth data value, where N is dependent on the number of data values to be displayed and the width of the display rectangle in pixels.
- Allows axis and font sizes to be easily changed.
- Allows a section of a plot to be magnified to reveal more detail.

If not already installed, install Plot39 and other Sea-Bird software programs on your computer using the supplied software CD (see *Software Installation* in *Section 3: Preparing SBE 48 for Deployment*)

Appendix III: Command Summary

Note:

See Command Descriptions in Section 4: Deploying and Operating SBE 48 for detailed information and examples.

CATEGORY COMMAND DESCRIPTION		DESCRIPTION	
Status DS		Display status and setup parameters.	
Setup	MMDDYY= mmddyy	Set real-time clock month, day, year. Must follow with HHMMSS= .	
	DDMMYY= ddmmyy	Set real-time clock day, month, year. Must follow with HHMMSS= .	
	HHMMSS= hhmmss	Set real-time clock hour, minute, second.	
	Baud=x	x = baud rate (1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400). Default 9600.	
	NAvg=x	x = number of scans in running average (1 - 120).	
	TxRealTime=x	 x=Y: Output real-time data to computer. Does not affect storing data to memory, but slightly increases current consumption. x=N: Do not. 	
	SyncMode=x	 x=Y: Enable Serial Line Sync Mode. When RS-232 RX line is high (3-10 VDC) for 1 - 1000 millisec, SBE 48 takes a sample, stores data in FLASH memory, transmits real-time data (if TxRealTime=Y), and powers down. x=N: Do not. 	
	SampleNum=x	x= sample number for first sample when sampling begins. After all previous data has been uploaded, set to 0 before starting to log to make entire memory available for recording. If not reset to 0, data is stored after last sample.	
	QS	Enter quiescent (sleep) state. Data logging and memory retention unaffected.	
	Interval=x	 x= interval (sec) between samples (0, or 3 - 32767). When commanded to start sampling with StartNow or StartLater, SBE 48 takes sample, stores data in FLASH memory, transmits real-time data (if TxRealTime=Y), and powers down at x sec intervals. If x=0, SBE 48 samples continuously without powering down between samples. 	
	StartNow	Start logging now. Reset running average to 0.	
Autonomous Sampling (Logging)	StartMMDDYY= mmddyy	Delayed logging start: month, day, year. Must follow with StartHHMMSS= .	
	StartDDMMYY= ddmmyy	Delayed logging start: day, month, year. Must follow with StartHHMMSS= .	
	StartHHMMSS= hhmmss	Delayed logging start: hour, minute, second.	
	StartLater	Start logging at delayed logging start time. Reset running average to 0.	
	SA	Transmit running average of data.	
	SAQS	Transmit running average of data, and turn power off .	
	Stop	Stop logging or stop waiting to start logging. Press Enter key to get S> prompt before entering Stop . Must send Stop before uploading data.	

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CATEGORY	COMMAND	DESCRIPTION
Polled Sampling *Do not send these commands if	TS *	Take sample and transmit converted data. Data not stored in FLASH memory.
	TSR *	Take sample and transmit raw data. Data not stored in FLASH memory.
	SLT *	Transmit converted data from last sample from buffer, and then take new sample. Data not stored in FLASH memory.
	SLTR *	Transmit raw data from last sample from buffer, and then take new sample. Data not stored in FLASH memory.
SBE 48 is logging data.	TSS *	Take sample, store data in FLASH memory, transmit converted data, and turn power off.
logging data.	TSSOn *	Take sample, store data in FLASH memory, and transmit converted data.
	SL	Transmit converted data from last sample from buffer.
Data Upload	DDb,e	Upload data in ASCII from scan b to scan e . Send Stop before sending DDb , e .
	DBb,e	Upload data in binary from scan b to e. Send Stop before sending DBb,e .
	BinaryTime=x *DB	 Applies to binary data upload only. x=Y: Upload date and time for every scan from memory. x=N: Upload date and time only for beginning scan in each data block; use Interval= to calculate and insert date and time for all other scans. Display binary upload parameters.
Testing	TT	Measure temperature for 100 samples or until Esc key is pressed, output converted data.
	TTR	Measure temperature for 100 samples or until Esc key is pressed, output raw data
Coefficients (F=floating point number; S=string with no spaces)	DC	Display calibration coefficients; all coefficients and date listed below are included. Use individual commands below to modify a particular coefficient or date.
	TCalDate=S	S=Temperature calibration date.
Date shown is when calibration	TA0=F	F=Temperature A0.
was performed.	TA1=F	F =Temperature A1.
Calibration	TA2=F	F =Temperature A2.
coefficients are initially factory- set and should agree with Calibration Certificates shipped with SBE 48.	TA3=F	F=Temperature A3.

Note: Use Upload on the Toolbar or Upload Data in the Data menu to upload data that will be processed by Plot39 or SBE Data Processing. Manually entering the data upload command does not produce data with the required header information for processing by our software. This command is included here for reference for users who are writing their own software.

Appendix IV: Replacement Parts

Part Number	Part	Application Description	Quantity in SBE 48
30845	Screw, 10-24 x 1 ¹ /4" flat-head, Phillips-head, stainless steel	Secure cover to housing at corners and at magnet mounting bars	12
30144	Screw, 6-32 x 7/16" truss, Phillips-head, stainless steel	Secure Battery / PCB end caps	2
31109	Grommets	Isolate PCB from mounting posts	4
31111	Spacer, 6-32 x 1 ³ /8" hex, aluminum	Mounting post for Battery/PCB end caps	2
31121	O-ring, 2-263N674-70, Parker	Seal between cover and housing	1
22074	Battery, 9-volt lithium, UltraLife U9VL (standard)	Power SBE 48	1
22039	Battery, 9-volt alkaline, Duracell MN 1604 (optional)	Power SBE 48	1
801431	5-pin to 9-pin I/O cable with power leads, 2.4 m (8 ft) long	From SBE 48 to computer	1
171888	25-pin DB-25S to 9-pin DB-9P cable adapter	For use with computer with DB-25 connector	1

Appendix V: Manual Revision History

Manual Version	Date	Description	
002	10/00	Initial release of production units.	
003	01/03	 Correct calibration range to +1 to +32, not -1 to +32. Add information that each scan ends with cr lf, and leading 0's suppressed in data output (except 1 to left of decimal point). 	
		 Add information that setting time without date resets the date to last date set with ddmmyy= or mmddyy=. Add information on SBE 39 binary upload: not applicable to SBE 48, ignore it in configuration dialog box. 	
004	07/08	 Firmware version 2.0: addition of commands related to averaging data, memory increased to 64 MB (usable 32 MB). 	
005	02/15	 Specifications: Clarify that accuracy specifications are ±. Add sampling rate information. Add text required for CE certifications (cable length requirement for conduit), and add Declaration of Conformity. Add cable drawing. Update status command (DS) output. Update battery shipping precautions for 2013 IATA rules. Add caution on using Parker Super O-lube, not Parker O-lube (which is petroleum based). Add caution on using spray can silicone lubricants on MCBH connectors. Update software name to Seasoft V2. Add notes about binary upload requiring PC to be set to English language and decimal period (.). Add note to Uploading Data section about continuous sampling and BinaryTime= command. Update language on where to find updated software on website. Add information on use on an aluminum-hulled ship. Switch to Sea-Bird Scientific manual cover. 	
006	07/16	 Update Declaration of Conformity (SBE 48 was not explicitly listed previously, although it was covered because it uses SBE 39 electronics). Add Troubleshooting section. 	

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